

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Weshington, D.C. 20231

SERIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE	FIRS	T NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
(	17/815, 456	12/31/91	BERIONT	W 90-3-8/6
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	VICTOR F. LOW  TE SERVICE (  TO SYLVAN RD  NALTHAM, MA  Tion from the examiner is FPATENTS AND TRACE	OORP。 02254 n charge of your app	26M1/1222 lication.	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER  2614  DATE MAILED: 12/22/93
This application			communication filed on $9/$	
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to expire month(s), days from the date of this letter.  Failure to respond within the period for response will cause the application to become abandoned. 35 U.S.C. 133				
Part I THE FOLLOWING ATTACHMENT(S) ARE PART OF THIS ACTION:				
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited by Examiner, PTO-892.</li> <li>Notice of Art Cited by Applicant, PTO-1449.</li> <li>Information on How to Effect Drawing Changes, PTO-1474.</li> <li>Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152.</li> <li>Information on How to Effect Drawing Changes, PTO-1474.</li> </ol>				
Part II SUMMARY OF ACTION				
1. Claims/	-7			are pending in the application.
Of the				are withdrawn from consideration.
2. Claims				have been cancelled.
3. Claims				
4. A Claims 1	are rejected.			
•	•			are objected to.
6. Claims		•	ar.	as subject to restriction or election regularment
Claims are subject to restriction or election requirement.  This application has been filled with informal drawings under 37 C.F.R. 1.85 which are acceptable for examination purposes.				
8. Formal drawings are required in response to this Office action.				
9. The corrected or substitute drawings have been received on Under 37 C.F.R. 1.84 these drawings are acceptable; not acceptable (see explanation or Notice of Draftsman's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948).				
10. ☐ The proposed additional or substitute sheet(s) of drawings, filed on has (have) been ☐ approved by the examiner; ☐ disapproved by the examiner (see explanation).				
11. The proposed drawing correction, filed, has beenapproved;disapproved (see explanation).				
12. Acknowledgement is made of the claim for priority under 35 U.S.C. 119. The certified copy has been received been received been filled in parent application, serial no filled on				
13. Since this application apppears to be in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.				

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## Part III DETAILED ACTION

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103 which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Subject matter developed by another person, which qualifies as prior art only under subsection (f) or (g) of section 102 of this title, shall not preclude patentability under this section where the subject matter and the claimed invention were, at the time the invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. § 103, the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 C.F.R. § 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of potential 35 U.S.C. § 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 103.

2. Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Whittington. Consider claims 1-7, Whittington teaches a data link for cellular radio systems which replaces eight identical consecutive bits with a like number of synchronization bits (see abstract, summary). He also teaches

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replacing these bits in the transmitter, transmitting the sync bits and removing the original bits at the receiver (see abstract, figs 1&2). Whittington, also recites means by which the input signal is monitored to detect specific sequences and replace them with sync bits, if the sequence meets the required criterion. However, Whittington does teach eight consecutive bits whereas the claimed invention only recites two. This fact does not raise the scope of the claimed invention above the teaching of Whittington. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person with ordinary skill in the art to insert a sync bit after two consecutive identical bits given the teachings of Whittington because the number of bits (2 or 8) does not change the scope of the invention.

3. Applicant's arguments filed 9/13/93 have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive. The applicant argues that Whittington does not teach nor suggest replacing two concurrent signal samples with a sync symbol, however as stated in the rejection, the Whittington teaches a data link for cellular radio systems which replaces eight identical consecutive bits with a like number of synchronization bits and whether it is eight bits or two bits being replaced, the scope of the invention does not change. The applicant argues that the Whittington reference does not teach replacing bits in the MESSAGE portion, that the Whittington reference acts in the idle

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period while the claimed invention acts on the message signal, however all of these arguments are directed to non-claimed subject matter, the claims as written do not include any of the above arguments as limitations and therefore will not be considered.

## Conclusion

4. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a).

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE TO THIS FINAL ACTION IS SET TO EXPIRE THREE MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS ACTION. IN THE EVENT A FIRST RESPONSE IS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION AND THE ADVISORY ACTION IS NOT MAILED UNTIL AFTER THE END OF THE THREE-MONTH SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD, THEN THE SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WILL EXPIRE ON THE DATE THE ADVISORY ACTION IS MAILED, AND ANY EXTENSION FEE PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a) WILL BE CALCULATED FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THE ADVISORY ACTION. IN NO EVENT WILL THE STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE EXPIRE LATER THAN SIX MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bryan Webster whose telephone number is (703) 308-6607.

Bwebster

December 16, 1993

STEPHEN CHIN PRIMARY EXAMINER

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